## RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

**B.A./B.Sc. FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2017** 

THIRD YEAR [BATCH 2015-18]

Date : 14/12/2017 Time : 11 am – 1 pm

## **COMPUTER SCIENCE [Honours]** Paper : V [Gr-A]

Full Marks: 40

1 + 1

4

2

3+3

2

2

1

## Group - A

| (Answer <u>any four</u> questions)              | [4×10] |
|---|--------|
| mean by physical and logical data independence? | 2+2    |

- 1. a) What do you mean by physical and logical data independence?
  - b) What do you mean by schema? Give example.
  - c) Consider the following relational schema: R(A,B) and S(B,C). Express the 'Right-outer-join' operation using basic Relational Algebra operations.
- What do you mean by weak entity set? 2. a)
  - b) Given,

| R |   |   | S |   |   | Т |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|   | А | В | С | D | Е | F | В | С |
|   | a | b | с | b | g | а | а | f |
|   | d | а | f | d | а | f | b | с |
|   | c | b | d |   |   |   |   |   |
|   | a | а | f |   |   |   |   |   |

Calculate the (i) R÷T and (ii) 
$$\sigma_{D=d} (\Pi_{C,B}(R) \times \Pi_D(S)).$$

- What do you mean by aggregation? c)
- 3. relation R(A, B, C, D, E, of FD'S Consider F) and the set a) а  $F = \{AB \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow A, BC \rightarrow D, ACD \rightarrow B, BE \rightarrow C, CE \rightarrow FA, CF \rightarrow BD, D \rightarrow E\}$ . Find the normal form of R? If the relation is not in 3NF, obtain a lossless and dependency preserving decomposition of R. Is the 3NF decomposition is also in BCNF? 1+4+2
  - b) What do you mean by multivalued dependency?
  - What is referential integrity? c)
- Consider the relation R(A,B,C,D,E) and set of FD'S  $F = \{A \rightarrow BC, CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A\}$ 4. a) Decompose the relation into R1 and R2 so that decomposition is lossless and preserved dependency.
  - b) What is the difference between 3NF and BCNF?
  - c) What do you mean by Un-Normalized database?
- Consider the following relations for a database 5. a) teacher (tname, dept, tel\_no, sub\_title) student (st\_name, course, hostel) study (sub\_title, st\_name, status, marks) Write down the Relational Algebra and SQL for the following query:

21/2+21/2

- 3
  - 2

|    | (i) Find the name of the students who have secured equal marks in two different subjects.    | 11/2+11/2 |
|----|--|-----------|
|    | (ii) Find the total no. of students of 'Vinay bhavan' who secured more than average marks in |           |
|    | 'OOP' subject.   | 11/2+11/2 |
| b) | What do you mean by domain relational calculus?  | 2         |
| c) | How does data redundancy create problem in file processing system?                           | 2         |
|    |  |           |
| a) | What are the differences between fixed length and variable length records?                   | 4         |
| b) | What do you mean by Serializable Schedule?   | 3         |
| c) | What are the difference between sparse and dense index?                                      | 3         |
|    |  |           |

- × -

6.